

Subject Code	Subject Name	Teaching Scheme (Hrs.)			Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
ETC 405	Signals and Systems	04	--	01	04	--	01	05

Subject Code	Subject Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory Marks				Term Work	Practical And Oral	Oral	Total
		Internal assessment			End Sem. Exam				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. Of Test 1 and Test 2					
ETC 405	Signals and Systems	20	20	20	80	25	--	--	125

Course pre-requisite :

ETS : 301 - Applied Mathematics III
 ETC : 304 - Circuits and Transmission Lines

Course objectives:

- To introduce students to the idea of signal and system analysis and characterization in time and frequency domain.
- To provide foundation of signal and system concepts to areas like communication, control and comprehend applications of signal processing in communication systems.

Course outcomes:

- Students will be able to understand significance of signals and systems in the time and frequency domains
- Students will be able to interpret and analyze signal and report results.
- Students will be able to evaluate the time and frequency response of continuous and discrete time, system which is useful in understanding behavior of Electronics circuits and communication systems.

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Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0		Overview of signals and systems	06
	1.1	Introduction: Signals, systems, examples of systems for controls and communication, sampling theorem, sampling of continuous time signals, elementary signals, exponential, sine, step, impulse, ramp, rectangular, triangular and operations on signals	
	1.2	Classification of signals: Continuous and discrete time, deterministic and non deterministic, periodic and aperiodic, symmetric (even) and asymmetric (odd), energy and power, causal and anti-causal signals.	
2.0		Time domain analysis of Continuous Time and Discrete Time systems	12
	2.1	Classification of systems: Static and dynamic, time variant and time invariant, linear and nonlinear, causal and noncausal, stable and unstable systems.	
	2.2	Linear Time Invariant (LTI) systems: Representation of systems using differential /difference equation, Impulse, step and exponential response, system stability, examples on applications of LTI systems, convolution, impulse response of interconnected systems, auto-correlation, cross correlation, properties of correlation, analogy between correlation and convolution, total response of a system	
3.0		Laplace Transform	06
3.0	3.1	Overview of Laplace Transform: Laplace Transform and properties, relation between continuous time Fourier Transform and Laplace Transform, unilateral Laplace Transform.	
	3.2	Analysis of continuous time LTI systems using Laplace Transform: Transfer Function, causality and stability of systems, solution of differential equation using Laplace Transform.	
4.0		z – Transform	08
	4.1	z-Transform of finite and infinite duration sequences, relation between discrete time Fourier Transform and z-Transform, properties, Inverse z-Transform, one sided z-Transform.	
	4.2	Analysis of discrete time LTI systems using z-Transform: Transfer Function, causality and stability of systems, frequency response, relation between Laplace Transform and z-Transform.	
5.0		Fourier series of continuous and discrete time signals	10
	5.1	Review of Fourier series: trigonometric and exponential Fourier series representation of signals, magnitude and phase spectra, power spectral density and bandwidth. Gibbs phenomenon.	
	5.2	Properties of Fourier Series: Linearity, time shifting, time reversal, frequency shifting, time scaling, differentiation, symmetry. Parseval's relation. Examples based on properties, analogy between Continuous Time Fourier Series (CTFS) and Discrete Time Fourier Series (DTFS).	
6.0		Continuous Time Fourier Transform (CTFT) and Discrete Time Fourier Transform (DTFT)	10
	6.1	Fourier Transform: Fourier Transform and Inverse Fourier Transform on periodic and non-periodic signals, limitations of Fourier Transform and need for Laplace and z-Transform	
	6.2	Properties of Fourier Transform: Linearity, time shifting, time reversal, frequency shifting, time and frequency scaling, modulation, convolution in time domain, differentiation in time domain, differentiation in frequency domain, symmetry. Parseval's relation. Energy, power spectral density and bandwidth. Definition and problems on DTFT	
		Total	52

Text books

1. Nagoor Kani, Signals and Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition, 2011.
2. B.P. Lathi, Principles of Linear Systems and Signals, Oxford, Second Edition, 2010.
3. Simon Haykin and Barry Van Veen, Signals and Systems, John Wiley and Sons, Second Edition, 2004.

Reference books

- 1) Hwei. P Hsu, Signals and Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, Third edition, 2010
- 2) V. Krishnaveni and A.Rajeshwari, Signals and Systems, Wiley-India, First Edition 2012.
- 3) Narayana Iyer, Signals and Systems, Cengage Learning, First Edition 2011.
- 4) Michael J Roberts, Fundamentals of Signals and systems, Tata McGraw Hill, special Indian Economy edition, 2009.
- 5) Rodger E Ziemer, William H. Tranter and D. Ronald Fannin, Signals and Systems, Pearson Education, Fourth Edition 2009.
- 6) Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Willsky and S. Hamid Nawab, Signals and Systems, Prentice-Hall of India, Second Edition, 2002.

Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the test will be considered as final IA marks

End Semester Examination:

1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Term Work:

At least 08 assignments covering entire syllabus must be given during the “**Class Wise Tutorial**”. The assignments should be students’ centric and an attempt should be made to make assignments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every assignment graded from time to time. The grades will be converted to marks as per “**Credit and Grading System**” manual and should be added and averaged. Based on above scheme grading and term work assessment should be done.