Subjec t Code	Subject Name	Teaching Scheme			Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Practical	Tut.	Theory	TW/Pract.	Tut.	Total
EXC302	Electronic Devices	04		-	04		-	04

	Subject Name	Examination Scheme							
Sub.		Theory Marks				TW Prac	Pract and	Oral	Total
Cod		Internal Assessment End					Oral.		
EXC302	Electronic Devices	Test 1	Test 2	Average of Test1 & Test2	Semester Exam				
		20	20	20	80				100

# **Prerequisite: FEC105 Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering Course Objectives:**

- 1. To deliver the knowledge about physics of basic semiconductor devices
- 2. To enhance comprehension capabilities of students through understanding of electronic devices
- 3. To introduce and motivate students to the use of advanced microelectronic devices
- 4. To create foundation for forthcoming circuit design courses

#### **Course Outcome:**

- 1. Ability to understand semiconductor devices through energy band diagrams
- 2. Ability to analyze characteristics of semiconductor junctions
- 3. Ability to differentiate between bipolar and unipolar conduction
- 4. Ability to understand physics of optical devices
- 5. Ability to understand working principle of power devices
- 6. Knowledge about advanced semiconductor devices used in research
- 7. Ability to appreciate the role of semiconductor devices in various applications

Module No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0	Junction Analysis	14
1.1	<b>PN junction Diode:</b> Basic Structure, Energy Band Diagrams, Zero Applied Bias, Forward Applied Bias, Reverse Applied Bias, PN Junction current, Small signal model of PN junction, Generation and recombination of currents, junction breakdown.	
	<b>Zener Diode:</b> Breakdown mechanisms, Characteristics, Effect of Temperature, Application as voltage regulator and backward diode	
	Varactor diode: Working and characteristics Tunnel diode: V-I Characteristics and working	
	TED (Transferred Electron Device): Basic concept, Negative differential resistance, V-I	
	Characteristics and working of <b>Gunn Diode</b> <b>IMPATT:</b> Static and Dynamic Characteristics	
1.2	Metal semiconductor and semiconductor Heterojunctions:	
	Schottkey barrier diode: Qualitative characteristics, Ideal junction properties, Nonideal	
	effects on barrier height and V-I characteristics <b>Metal-semiconductor ohmic contacts:</b> Ideal Non rectifying barriers, Tunneling Barrier,	
	Specific contact resistance	
	Heterojunctions: Heterojunction materials, Energy Band Diagrams, Two dimensional	
2	electron gas.	00
2 2.1	Bipolar DevicesBJT: The bipolar transistor action, minority carrier distribution, low-frequency common-	08
2.1	base current gain, non-ideal effects, Ebers-Moll Model, Gummel-Poon Model, Hybrid-Pi Model, Frequency Limitations	
2.2	HBT (Heterojunction bipolar transistor): Current gain in HBT, Basic n-p-n HBT structure with band diagram	
3.0	Field Effect Devices	16
3.1	<b>JFET:</b> Construction, operation and device characteristics. V-I relationship and transconductance. Small signal equivalent model, frequency limitation factors and cutoff frequency	
3.2	<b>MOSFET:</b> Two terminal MOS structure, MOSFET construction, Band diagrams under equilibrium and external bias, Threshold Voltage, V-I and CV characteristics, Channel length modulation, Short Channel effects, MOSFET Model	
3.3	<b>MESFET:</b> Device structure, principle of operation, V-I characteristics, High frequency performance	
	<b>MODFET</b> (i.e HEMT) : Fundamentals, V-I Characteristics, Cutoff Frequency	
4.0	Optical Devices	06
4.1	<b>Optical absorption:</b> Photon absorption coefficient, EHP generation rate <b>Solar Cells:</b> The pn junction, heterojunction and amorphous silicon solar cells	
4.2	<ul><li>Photodetectors: Photoconductor, photodiode, PIN photodiode, APD (avalanche photodiode), phototransistor</li><li>Optocouplers: Operation, construction, specifications and applications</li></ul>	
5.0	Power Devices	08
5.1	PNPN Diode: Basic structure and characteristics	
	SCR: Basic structure, characteristics, Two transistor analogy. DIAC and TRIAC: Basic Structure and characteristics	

5.2	GTO: Basic structure and characteristics PUT: Operation and characteristics UJT: Operation, characteristics, parameters and UJT as a relaxation oscillator IGBT: Device structure, equivalent circuit and characteristics	
	Total	52

# **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Donald A. Neamen, "Semiconductor Physics and Devices" Tata MCGraw Hill, Third Edition
- 2. S. M. Sze, "Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology", Wiley, Second Edition
- 3. Sung-Mo Kang, Yusuf Leblebici, "CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits", Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition
- 4. David Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Oxford, Fifth Edition.
- 5. S Slivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", McGraw Hill, Third Edition
- 6. Gordon W. Roberts and Adel S. Sedra, "Spice", Oxford, Second Edition

### Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the test will be considered as final IA marks

### **End Semester Examination:**

1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.

2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.

3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus. 4:

Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be set from all the modules. 5:

Weightage of marks will be as per Blueprint.